SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

071162866

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to the individual products listed below. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

071162700 071162718 071162726 071162734 071162742 071162759 071162767 071162775 071162783 071162809 071162817 071162825 071162833 071162841 071162858 071162924 071162940



Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

- · Product identifier
- Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Dental material

The product is intended for professional use.

To avoid risks for humans and environment obtain instructions.

- · Application of the substance / the mixture Dental filling material
- Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

GC America Inc. 3737 W. 127th Street Alsip, IL 60803 USA

SDS.gcamerica@gc.dental

· Information department: Regulatory Affairs

Emergency telephone number:

During normal opening times (Monday–Friday 8:00 AM–5:00 PM Central Time): +1 (708) 597-0900 Transportation (CHEMTREC®) Emergency Telephone No. +1 (800) 424-9300

2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified, according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· Additional information:

The information provided is in regards to the toxicity and hazard rating(s) of the individual component(s) in the formulation. The associated risk(s) depends on the route(s) of exposure. The hazard rating system is based entirely on the existence of the risk(s) and does not take into account the likelihood of reduced risk(s) through proper usage and handling.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements
- Exempt from labeling medical devices and drugs do not require labeling according to HCS 2012.
- · Hazard pictograms Void
- · Signal word Void
- · Hazard statements Void
- · Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC):
- None known.
- · Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 2)

115

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 1)

2.5 - < 5%

3 Composition/information on ingredients

· Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:

CAS: 9003-01-4 poly(acrylic acid)

Additional information:

If a substance is marked with **, then substance is a trade secret. This is allowed under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) as a trade secret and under GHS as Confidential Business Information (CBI).

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- General information:
- No special measures required.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

After inhalation:

Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
 Rinse with warm water.
 If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
- After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.
- If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- Information for doctor:
- **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** No further relevant information available.
- Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
- No further relevant information available.
- Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

(Contd. on page 3)

US-

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 2)

· Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Remove persons from danger area. Environmental precautions:

- Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course. Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Pick up mechanically.

Dispose of the collected material according to regulations.

• **Reference to other sections** See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

- See Section 13 for disposal information.
- Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals
- Protective Action Criterion (PAC); Protective Action Criteria (PACs); Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)
- * indicates the PAC value is between 10% and up to 50% of the LEL (10% LEL \leq PAC < 50% LEL).
- ** indicates the PAC value is between 50% and up to 100% of the LEL (50% LEL < PAC < 100% LEL).
- *** indicates the PAC value is at 100% or more of the LEL (PAC \geq LEL). excerpt from Introduction to PAC Table 2 – PAC Rev. 29 – May 2016

· PAC-1:		
	silane**	71 mg/m³
CAS: 20344-49-4	iron hydroxide oxide	24 mg/m³
	colorant**	15 mg/m³
CAS: 1317-61-9	triiron tetraoxide	21 mg/m³
· PAC-2:		
	silane**	780 mg/m³
CAS: 20344-49-4	iron hydroxide oxide	260 mg/m³
	colorant**	360 mg/m³
CAS: 1317-61-9	triiron tetraoxide	230 mg/m³
· PAC-3:		
	silane**	4,700 mg/m³
CAS: 20344-49-4	iron hydroxide oxide	1,600 mg/m³
	colorant**	2,200 mg/m ³
CAS: 1317-61-9	triiron tetraoxide	1,400 mg/m³

7 Handling and storage

· Handling:

· Precautions for safe handling

- Observe instructions for use.
- Prevent formation of dust.
- Any deposit of dust which cannot be avoided must be regularly removed.

(Contd. on page 4)

US

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 3)

- Information about protection against explosions and fires: Dust can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:** Store only in unopened original receptacles.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Observe instructions for use / storage.
- Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters
- Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
- The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.
- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Do not inhale dust / smoke / mist.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

• Breathing equipment:



Suitable respiratory protective device recommended.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:

Manufacturing sites:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Distribution, Workplace, and Household Settings: No special protective equipment required

(Contd. on page 5)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 4)

9 Physical and chemical prope	erties
· Information on basic physical and	chemical properties
· General Information	
· Appearance:	
Form:	Powder
Color:	According to product specification
· Odor:	Odorless
· Odor threshold:	Not determined.
[·] pH-value:	Not applicable.
Change in condition	
Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined.
· Flash point:	Not applicable.
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined.
· Ignition temperature:	Undetermined.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
· Auto igniting:	Product is not self-igniting.
 Danger of explosion: 	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
· Explosion limits:	
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
· Vapor pressure:	Not applicable.
· Density:	Not determined.
Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapor density	Not applicable.
 Evaporation rate 	Not applicable.
· Solubility in / Miscibility with	
Water:	Insoluble.
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ter): Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not applicable.
Kinematic:	Not applicable.
· Solvent content:	
VOC content:	0.00 %
Solids content:	100.0 %
Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature.

(Contd. on page 6)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 5)

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification: No further relevant information available.
- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: No irritant effect.
- on the eye: No irritating effect.
- Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:

The product is not subject to classification according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations.

· Carcinogenic categories

 IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) 	
poly(acrylic acid)	3
colorant**	3
· NTP (National Toxicology Program)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	

· Carcinogenic categories' legend:

- IARC Group 1: The agent is carcinogenic to humans.
- IARC Group 2A: The agent is probably carcinogenic to humans.
- IARC Group 2B: The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.
- IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Group 4: The agent is probably not carcinogenic to humans.

NTP K: Known to be human carcinogen.

NTP R: Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen.

- · Repeated dose toxicity. No further relevant information available.
- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) No further relevant information available.

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 7)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 6)

· Additional ecological information:

· General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German regulation, AwSV) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous to water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· **PBT:** Not applicable.

• vPvB: Not applicable.

• Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

· Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

· Uncleaned packagings:

• **Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

· UN-Number · DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
 UN proper shipping name DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA 	Void
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA · Class	Void
 Packing group DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA 	Void
 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: 	No
 Special precautions for user 	Not applicable.
 Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code 	l of Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation":	Void

15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
 SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act)

Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 8)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):	(Contd. of pag
None of the ingredients is listed.	
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):	
poly(acrylic acid)	ACTI
silane**	ACTI
iron hydroxide oxide	ACTI
colorant**	ACTI
triiron tetraoxide	ACTIV
Hazardous Air Pollutants	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Proposition 65	
Chemicals known to cause cancer:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
EPA carcinogenic categories' legend:	
EPA weight-of-evidence (WoE): official codes and categories from EP	A's 1986 guidelines a
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996,	PA's 1986 guidelines a 1999, and 2005 guidelir
EPA weight-of-evidence (WoE): official codes and categories from EP unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici	1999, and 2005 guidelir
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986)	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986)	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
 unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential 	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
 unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenici C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential 	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986)
 unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans NL: not likely to be carcinogenic to humans 	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986)
 unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans NL: not likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human 	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986)
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogen C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986) carcinogenic potential
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH) colorant**	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) icity in animals (1986) carcinogenic potential
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH) colorant** ACGIH carcinogenic categories' legend:	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) icity in animals (1986) carcinogenic potential
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH) colorant** ACGIH carcinogenic categories' legend: A1: confirmed human carcinogen A2: suspected human carcinogen	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986) carcinogenic potential
unofficial, derived codes from EPA's standard hazard descriptors from 1996, A: human carcinogen (1986) B1: probable human carcinogen – based on limited evidence of carcinogenici B2: probable human carcinogen – based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenic C: possible human carcinogen (1986) D: not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (1986) E: evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans (1986) CaH: carcinogenic to humans CBD: carcinogenic potential cannot be determined I: data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential II: inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential K/L: known/likely human carcinogen L: likely to be carcinogenic to humans S: suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human SC: suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH) colorant** ACGIH carcinogenic categories' legend: A1: confirmed human carcinogen	1999, and 2005 guidelir ty in humans (1986) licity in animals (1986)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 8)

A5: not suspected as a human carcinogen

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· GHS label elements

Exempt from labeling – medical devices and drugs do not require labeling according to HCS 2012.

· Hazard pictograms Void

- · Signal word Void
- · Hazard statements Void
- · Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

· Department issuing SDS: Regulatory Affairs · Contact: **Regulatory Affairs** Telephone No. +1 (708) 597-0900 SDS.gcamerica@gc.dental · Date of preparation / last revision 07/03/2019 / -Abbreviations and acronyms: GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HCS: Hazard Communication Standard (USA) MSDS: Material Safety Data Sheet SDS: Safety Data Sheet ADN: Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways) ECHA: European Chemicals Agency OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) PAC: Protective Action Criterion (USA) PACs: Protective Action Criteria (USA) HNOC: Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (USA) LEL: Lower Explosive Limit UEL: Upper Explosive Limit OSHA-Ca: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Carcinogens or potential carcinogens regulated (USA) NIOSH-Ca: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health - Carcinogen List (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA) TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA) AwSV: Verordnung über Anlagen zum Ümgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances that are hazardous to water) (Germany) NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration ADR: Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code DOT: Department of Transportation (USA) IATA: International Air Transport Association ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit **REL: Recommended Exposure Limit** Sources Manufacturers' MSDSs/SDSs OSHA (https://www.osha.gov/dts/chemicalsampling/toc/chmcas.html) TOXNET (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/) ECHA (http://echa.europa.eu/) (Contd. on page 10)

Printing date 07/03/2019

Version US-EN-Rev 1

Reviewed on 07/03/2019

Trade name: EQUIA Forte HT Fil (Powder, Shades: A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, B2, B3, and C4)

(Contd. of page 9)

EnviChem (www.echemportal.org)

· Notes:

CAS Registry Number® is a Registered Trademark of the American Chemical Society. CHEMTREC® is a registered service mark of the American Chemistry Council, Inc.

· Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate. However, all statements, recommendations or suggestions are made without any guarantee, representation or warranty, express or implied, on our part. Therefore, no warranty is made or to be implied that the information set out in this document is accurate or complete, and we accordingly exclude all liability in connection with the use of this information or the products referred to herein. All such risks are assumed by the purchaser/user. The information contained herein is also subject to change without notice. For the avoidance of doubt, however, nothing in this document excludes or limits our liability for death or personal injury caused by our negligence or for fraudulent misrepresentation.