### SAFETY DATA SHEETS

# This SDS packet was issued with item:

075351192

N/A

# **SLEDGEHAMMER®**

### **20 MINUTE ACRYLIC LIQUID**

#### Section I - Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Chemical Name: SLEDGEHAMMER 20 MINUTE DENTAL ACRYLIC MONOMER NA

Family:Monomer

**Product Use:** Dental Monomer **Formula:** Proprietary Formulation Manufacturer: KEYSTONE RESEARCH & PHARMACEUTICAL 616 Hollywood Avenue Cherry Hill, NJ 08002

**Emergency Phone Numbers:** ( 800 ) 535 - 5053 **Information Contacts:** ( 856 ) 663 - 4700

#### Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS	EINECS#	INCI Name				%
				Exposure	Limits	Carcinogen	
	Numbers			<b>OSHA</b> TWA/STEL	ACGIH TWA/STEL	IARC/NTP/OSHA	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	201-297-1	N/E	100ppm	100ppm	3/none/none	90-95
Ethylene Glycol	97-90-5	202-617-2	Glycol HEMA-	N/E	N/E	Not Listed	5-10
Dimethacrylate Esters			Methacrylate				
N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine	99-97-8	202-805-4	Dimethyltolyamine	N/E	N/E	Not Listed	0-1
Inhibitor (MEHQ)	150-76-5	205-769-8	p-Hydroxyanisole	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	Not Listed	0-0.5
N/E - None Established N/R - Not Reviewed	N/DA - No Dat N/A - Not App						

### Section III - Hazards Identification

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

- May cause allergic skin reaction and eye irritation.
- Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Hazardous polymerization may occur.
- May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Primary Route of Entry	Inhalation, eyes & skin.
Eye	Vapor concentration may cause irritation of eyes. Liquid contact with eyes can cause irritation and
	possible corneal damage.
Skin	Liquid concentration may cause moderate skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause
	allergic skin rashes, itching and swelling
Ingestion	Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.
Inhalation	High vapor concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Prolonged exposure can lead to
	headaches, nausea, drowsiness and unconsciousness.
Sub-Chronic Effects	Prolonged and / or repeated exposure may lead to kidney, lung, liver and heart damage. Unlikely to
	present a cancer hazard to man.

NOTE: Refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information for Details

#### Section IV - First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye First Aid for Skin	Flush with water for 15 minutes, including under eyelids. Get medical help if discomfort persists. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical help if			
T HOUT MA TOT DAM	discomfort persists.			
First Aid for Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If having breathing difficulty, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give			
	artificial respiration. Get medical help if discomfort persists.			
First Aid for Ingestion	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately give 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by			
	mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.			

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# **SLEDGEHAMMER®**

### **20 MINUTE ACRYLIC LIQUID**

### Section V - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(° <b>F</b> /° <b>C</b> )	( <b>vol%</b> )	(vol%)
TAG Closed: 68 F	LEL: 2%; UEL: 12.5%	421 deg C
Method: Extinguishing Media: Fire Fighting Instructions: Unusual Hazards:	Foam,carbon dioxide,dry chemical or carbon tetrach Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full pro used as a fine spray or fog. Use water spray to cool t Vapors may travel to source ignition or excessive ter with rapid release of energy.Closed containers may r polymerization may occur on prolonged aging. Expl or above the flashpoint.	tective gear.Water may be ineffective unless the exposed containers of methyl methacrylate. nperatures. Heat can induce polymerization upture explosively. Spontaneous
Section VI - Accidental	l Release Measures	
Spill or Release Procedures -	• Evacuate area and eliminate all possible source apparatus and protective clothing. Dike and a vermiculite, etc) and then transfer to proper co tools.Keep spills out of sewers and open bodie wash affected skin areas with soap and water.	bsorb with inert materials (sand, soda, ash, ontainers for disposal, using non-sparking
Section VII - Handling	and Storage	
Storage • St Explosion Hazard • K	eep away from heat, sparks,flames and other sources of othing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use with adeq hen transferring and use explosion-proof equipment.For the container is emptied because it may retain product re- tore in a cool dry place, at ambient temperatures out of way from heat. eep away from sparks and open flame. Closed contain olymerization may occur on prolonged aging.	uate ventilation. Ground all metal containers ollow all MSDS/label precautions even after esidues. Wash thoroughly after handling. direct sunlight. Keep containers closed and
Section VIII - Exposur	e Controls / Personal Protective Equipmen	t
Engineering Controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation airborne levels below recommended exposure l minimum capture velocity of 100 ft/min at the Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practic Governmental Industrial Hygiene.	imits. Use explosion-proof ventilation with a point of monomer release.Refer to "Industrial
Personal Protective Equipme	nt	
General Eye/ Face Protection Skin Protection Respiratory Protecti	To identify additional Personal Protective Equi that a hazard assessment in accordance with the conducted before using this product. Provide e impervious clothing to prevent ANY contact w or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical s exists for eye and face contact due to splashing Use impermeable gloves to minimize skin cont	e OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132) be ye wash stations and safety showers. Wear ith this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, n PVC. plash goggles and face shield when possibility or spraying material. act. needed. Use a positive pressure air supplied rolled release, exposure levels are not known,

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# **SLEDGEHAMMER®**

### **20 MINUTE ACRYLIC LIQUID**

Appearance		Odor &	c Odor Threshold	PН	Specific Gravity	Viscosity	% Vol	atile
Clear, colorless	liquid	Charac odor	teristic strong, acrid	NA	(H20=1): 0.94	NA	W/W9	6:99+
Boiling / Freezing Point	Decom Tempe	position rature	Octanol/Water Partitioning Coefficient Log Po/w	Vapor Pressure: (mm of H		Evaporation Rate (Bu Ac=1)	Ignition	Solubility
214°F	NA		NA	29 @ 25°C	0, ( ,	1.5	NA	1% to 10%
	Stabilit	v and I	Reactivity					
Stability: Stable under norma		0			Incompatibility Reducing/ oxidizin			

**Conditions to Avoid:** 

Elevated temperatures, ignition sources, aging and contamination.

#### Section XI - Toxicological Information

Section XII - Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity

to Fish

Acute Oral Toxicity Oral(Rat) LD50: 7872 mg/kg Acute Dermal Toxicity Dermal (Rabbit) LD50: 9400mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity Inhalation (Rat) LC50 3750ppm **Irritation - skin** skin irritant

**Irritation - Eye** moderate eye irritant

In Water

Sub-chronic Toxicity N/DA

Sensitization skin sensitizer in animals Mutagenicity N/DA

Acute Toxicity

to Invertebrates

N/DA

**Toxicity to Sewage Bioconcentration** 

N/DA

Bacteria N/DA

96 hour LC50: fathead minnows: 150 ppm bluegill sunfish; 232 ppm **Chemical Fate Information** Biodegradability

**Chemical Oxygen Demand** 

**Ecotoxicological Information** 

Partially biodegradable in water. (BOD 5 day) : 0.14g/g - 0.90g/g ; Theoretical Oxygen Demand : 1.92g/g

#### Section XIII - Disposable Concentrations

After the addition of excess inhibitor, incinerate the liquid and diking materials in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Do not incinerate in closed containers. Biodegradation is also possible. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT THE EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH.

Acute Toxicity

to Algae

N/DA

#### Section XIV - Transport Information

DOT/UN Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s., Class 3, UN 1993

### RQ (Lbs): 1000

#### Section XV - Regulatory Information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Clean Air Act: HAP

Clean Air Act: ODS

This product contains hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act . Methyl Methacrylate CASRN : 80626 This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ozone depleting substance(ODS).

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**20 MINUTE ACRYLIC LIQUID** 

### Section XV - Regulatory InformationContinued

US Federal Regulations:	
Clean Water Act:	This product contains no chemicals listed under the USA Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant List.
Priority Pollutant	
FDA: Food Packaging Status	This product has not been cleared by the FDA for use in food packaging and/ or other applications as an indirect food additive.
Occupational Safety and	This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under the OSHA Hazard Communication
Health Act	Standard. Its hazard are: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Fire hazard, Reactive hazard
RCRA	This product is considered to be a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261): RCRA Code: U162
SARA Title III: Section 302	This product contains no chemicals regulated under Sec. 302 as extremely hazardous substances.
SARA Title III: Section 304	This product contains chemicals regulated under Section 304 as extremely hazardous chemical for emergency release notification (" CERCLA " List) : Methyl Methacrylate CASRN : 80 - 62 - 6 RQ (Lbs) : 1000
SARA Title III: Section 311-	
312:	regulated under Section 311-312 (40 CFR 370). Its hazard are : Immediate ( acute ) health
	hazard, Fire hazard, Reactive hazard
SARA Title III: Section 313:	ı b
	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 : Methyl Methacrylate : CASRN : 80 - 62 - 6
TSCA Section 8(b): Inventor	
TSCA Section 12(b): Export Notification:	This product contains no substances subject to export notification under Section 12 (b) of TSCA.
State Regulations	
CA Proposition 65	Chemical Name: This product contains no hazardous substances known to the State of California to cause cancer and adverse reproductive effects. CASRN:N/A % Composition:N/A
MA Right-to-Know Law:	Chemical Name: This product contains the following substance on the Massachusetts Substance List :
	Methyl Methacrylate CASRN: 80 - 62 - 6 % Composition
NJ Right-to-Know Law:	Chemical Name: This product contains the following substance on the New Jersey Substance List :
	Methyl Methacrylate CASRN: 80 - 62 - 6 % Composition
PA Right-to-Know Law:	Chemical Name:This product contains no hazardous substances on the Pennsylvania Substance List. CASRN:N/A % Composition: N/A
International Regulations	
CDSL: Canadian Inventor	
Canadian Transitional List	
	N,N,-Dimethyl-p-toluidine: DSL regulatory status: Included, WHMIS: None
EINECS: European Invent	
MITI: Japanese Inventory:	Chemical Name: CASRN:

#### Section XVI - Other Information

Hazard Rating System

Product Number -Revised Sections since Last Version: NFPA: Health = 2/Flammability = 3 /Reactivity = 2 HMIS: Health = 2/Flammability/ = 3/Reactivity = 2

Section 2 and 15 revised on 07/07/06

Approval Date:07/07/06 Supersedes Date:

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# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

### Sledgehammer 20 Minute Acrylic Liquid

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Sledgehammer 20 Minute Acrylic Liquid
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product code	: 1000590, 1000591
Product type Product use	: Liquid. : Dental Products Monomer
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Keystone Industries 616 Hollywood Ave. Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 (856) 663-4700
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: (800) 535-5053
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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بلد	

Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. A surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition source proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-hand sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against s	es. No dling e

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Obtained by Global Safety Management, www.globalsafetynet.com, (877) 683-7460

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

May contain one or more of the following components in quantities considered hazardous:

Ingredient name	CAS number	EC number	%
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	201-297-1	75 - 100
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	97-90-5	202-617-2	5 - 10

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: redness irritation
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 4/12

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any	: Shield UV light sources. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight
incompatibilities	in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methyl methacrylate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Skin
	sensitizer.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: Characteristic. Acrid. [Strong]
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 101°C (213.8°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 20°C (68°F) [Tagliabue.]
Evaporation rate	: 1.5 (butyl acetate = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 2% Upper: 12.5%
Vapor pressure	: 3.9 kPa (29 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: 3.45 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.94
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 421°C (789.8°F)
Viscosity	: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. These could cause the product to polymerize exothermically. Unintentional contact with them should be avoided.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

<u>Acut</u>	e to	<u>oxicity</u>	
_	_		

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Methyl methacrylate	-	3	-

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl methacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse syr pain or irrita watering redness	mptoms may include the tion	following:	
Inhalation		mptoms may include the tract irritation	following:	
Skin contact	: Adverse syr redness irritation	mptoms may include the	following:	
Ingestion	: No specific	data.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	Version : 1

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	33746.1 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>					
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species		Exposure
Methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l	Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult		96 hours
Bioaccumulative potential					
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential	

Troduct/ingredient name		5	l'Oteritiai
Methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	low
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	1.87	-	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

#### **Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Methyl methacrylate (I,T); 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester (I,T)	80-62-6	Listed	U162

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S (methyl methacrylate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 1110.9 lbs / 504.36 kg [141. 74 gal / 536.55 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity)	-	-	<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	-	-

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### Section 14. Transport information

transportation requirements.			

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations		TSCA 8	(a) PAIR: ME	HQ					
		TSCA 8	(a) CDR Exe	mpt/Parti	al exemption	: Not determine	ed		
		United S	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.						
		Clean W	/ater Act (CV	<b>VA) 311</b> :	methyl methad	crylate			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed							
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	;	Not liste	d						
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	;	Not liste	d						
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d						
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d						
SARA 302/304									
Composition/information	<u>on</u>	<u>ingredier</u>	<u>nts</u>						
No products were found.									
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not appl	icable.						
<u>SARA 311/312</u>									
Classification	:	Fire haz Reactive Immedia		alth haza	rd				
Composition/information	<u>on</u>	ingredier	<u>nts</u>						
Name			%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Methyl methacrylate Ethylene glycol dimethacryl	ate	1	75 - 100 5 - 10	Yes. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.	

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	75 - 100
Supplier notification	methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	75 - 100

Date of issue/Date of revision

: No previous validation.

Version :1

Obtained by Global Safety Management, www.globalsafetynet.com, (877) 683-7460

### Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: METHYL METHACRYLATE
New York	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Methyl methacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester</li> </ul>
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: METHYL METHACRYLATE; 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, METHYL ESTER</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, METHYL ESTER</li> </ul>

### California Prop. 65

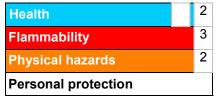
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
N,N-dimethyl-p-toluidine	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations	
International lists	<ul> <li>Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.</li> <li>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.</li> </ul>
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

# Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 4/27/2015.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/27/2015.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Information contained within this SDS is only to be distributed as required by law.